

## Exercise for Optimal control – Week 6

Choose **1.5** problems to solve.

**Exercise 1.** Derive the policy iteration scheme for the LQR problem

$$\min_{u(\cdot)} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} x_k^\top Q x_k + u_k^\top R u_k$$

with  $Q = Q^\top \geq 0$  and  $R = R^\top > 0$  subject to:

$$x_{k+1} = A x_k + B u_k.$$

Assume the system is stabilizable. Start the iteration with a stabilizing policy. Run the policy iteration and value iteration on a computer for the following matrices:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad Q = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad R = I$$

Compare the convergence rates of the two iterations scheme for the policies and value functions.

**Exercise 2** (LQR for LTV systems). Consider a controllable LTV system

$$\dot{x} = A(t)x + B(t)u$$

with  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $u \in \mathbb{R}^m$  and cost function

$$J = x(T)^\top Q_f x(T) + \int_{t_0}^T x(t)^\top Q(t)x(t) + u(t)^\top R(t)u(t) dt$$

where  $Q_f, Q(t) \geq 0$  and  $R(t) > 0$  for all  $t \geq 0$ . In addition, we assume  $A(\cdot), B(\cdot), Q(\cdot)$  and  $R(\cdot)$  are continuous. The objective is to find an optimal control  $u^*$  such that  $J$  is minimized.

1) The dynamic programming works also for time varying systems. Write down the Hamiltonian  $H(t, x, u, p)$  for this problem and derive the optimal controller using the verification rule. *Hint:* consider value function of the form  $J^*(t, x) = x^\top P(t)x$ .

2) Show that the HJB equation reduces to an ODE:

$$-\dot{P}(t) = Q(t) + P(t)A(t) + A(t)^\top P(t) - P(t)B(t)R(t)^{-1}B(t)^\top P(t). \quad (1)$$

with boundary condition

$$P(T) = Q_f.$$

3) Prove that the equation (1) has a unique symmetric semi-positive definite solution on interval  $[0, T]$  for any  $T > 0$ . In particular, there is no finite escape time.

**Example 3.** 1) Derive the HJB equation for the time optimal control problem of the double integrator

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x}_1 &= x_2 \\ \dot{x}_2 &= u \end{aligned}$$

with initial condition  $(1, 1)$  and terminal condition  $(0, 0)$  under the constraint  $|u| \leq 1$ .

2) Solve the HJB equation using method of characteristics.